

After All, It Is Results That Count

When a man suffering with any one of the innumerable diseases that afflict mankind, applies to a physician for relief it is not with the intention of finding out just how and why a cure can be effected but can a cure be obtained and how soon and lastly, what will the expense be.

In the treatment of all diseases included in our specialty we make it a rule to first find out what caused the trouble, then see if the cause can be removed and if so, we accept the case for a cure and guarantee results under reasonable conditions, we can then tell one exactly what a complete cure will cost, as we furnish all medicines and appliances from our private laboratory.

Recently a man suffering with a trouble of which we make a specialty consulted us and in relating his experience said that he had been treated by three El Paso doctors, all of whom guaranteed a cure, the first one charged him twenty-five dollars and his drug bill was thirty-three; the second one charged him fifty and his drug bill was twenty-seven dollars; the last one charged him one hundred but he became disgusted and quit. When after making a careful examination and telling him that we would cure him in forty-five days and charge fifty dollars, all medicines furnished, he remarked that in his opinion all the quacks were in general practice. This fellow doesn't know anything about what the surgeons do for a fellow when they get his confidence, if he did a quack wouldn't half express his opinion.

Banish all doubt. Consult Specialists of recognized ability and reliability, men who will at least deal honestly with you and, if curable, will treat you reasonable, if incurable, will tell you so. Specialism means success while scattering the faculties by attempting to treat everything under the sun means failure.

CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS.

Catarrh is one of the most prevalent and wide spread diseases known, is liable to more serious complications than any other so-called common malady, and has been subjected to more haphazard hit or miss treatment than any other disease.

The disease usually begins in the nose and spreads to the throat, ears, lungs and stomach, producing deafness, constant sore throat, Bronchitis, Asthma and other effects of the ascending and descending catarrh.

The disease also in time causes mouth breathing especially during the night, this predisposes one to various diseases and especially consumption, as the air enters the lungs in an impure state containing various germs and foreign material.

TREATMENT.—Catarrh of the nose can be easily cured in any stage except the last (Ozena) if the cause is located and removed and this is usually easy when one is properly equipped for making examinations of the nose, throat and lungs. The cause is generally mechanical, i.e. a tumor, polypus, enlarged turbinates or a crooked septum and when these conditions are properly remedied a cure naturally results. On the other hand what can one expect to attain in the treatment of this disease with inhalers, sprays, powders and douches extensively advertised as cures? In the treatment and cure of all this class of troubles any one of ordinary intelligence can see the advisability of consulting reliable, experienced specialists who have made a special study of the disease. We have been treating catarrhal affections as a specialty for fourteen years. We have cured many cases in a single day. We cure all cases we accept for treatment and in many instances charge no more than one will spend in five or six months for patent medicines. We have cured over a hundred cases since Jan. 1st, and are treating many at present. All treatments are made as painlessly as possible, many without any pain whatever.

DISEASES OF MEN.

The special pelvic diseases of men, the most important diseases with which they can be afflicted, have always been neglected by the general practitioner because few medical colleges teach scientific methods essential to successful treatment, many teachers merely mentioning them in passing and usually the doctor when consulted in order to cover up his ignorance will tell the sufferer that it is a slight trouble, needs no treatment and in time will right itself or disappear. What wonder then that all kinds of failures, Electric Belt grinders and medical mail order quacks have waxed fat despoiling those thus afflicted.

The successful treatment of these diseases requires skill, experience and special equipment, few of them are amenable to home treatment, this brings to mind dozens of cases of men who have been cured with a few local applications which removed the cause of the affliction. Hundreds of people know so little about themselves and diseases with which they are afflicted that they will take medicines for years for Varicocele or Hydrocele, two conditions impossible to cure with medicines.

In this class of troubles it is particularly important that one consult honest specialists, men whom you know to be reliable, men who are permanently located. Specialists who have had many years' experience and are specially prepared and equipped to cure promptly, safely and thoroughly. When you have failed to get relief heretofore, this kind of service at reasonable cost, consult us even though you have failed to get relief heretofore.



SPECIFIC BLOOD POISON.

Is a disease that should not be neglected for a moment, as it is the most far-reaching in its evil consequences, produces more aggravated symptoms and attacks more different parts of the body than any other disease known to the medical profession and one of its worst features is, that it is not confined to the one who acquires it, but is transmitted for three generations.

It is divided into three stages: In the first stage it rapidly yields to proper treatment, in the second it is more stubborn, in the third still more so, and a cure is doubtful if it has been allowed to run on for years; besides the third stage the brain, nervous system, liver, kidneys and other vital organs are liable to become involved and destroyed.

The more prominent symptoms are: Eruptions of the skin, sores or ulcers in the mouth and throat, falling of the hair, rheumatic pains, neuralgias and bone pains worse at night and if the liver becomes involved all the symptoms of liver trouble are evident, if the central nervous system is invaded paralysis results, in fact there is hardly a disease that this disease does not imitate.

In the treatment of blood poison only one remedy suggests itself and that is the British Cure and we have tried them all, given them in every imaginable way and for periods of many months or years. The British Cure is as far ahead of "606" as the modern electric light is of the candle. It is given in ten, fifteen and twenty injections, depending upon the stage of the disease, has never produced a death or complication and so far has never failed to effect a cure. The treatment costs even less if given early and does not detain one from business. Why experiment with unreliable patented poisons like salvarsan when a safe cure can be obtained at reasonable cost?

DISEASES OF WOMEN.

The suffering, despondency, premature old age and the wrecked lives the result of unnecessary surgical operations beggars description and it has reached a stage in many cities where it has become necessary to legislate against operations upon the female appendages for a fee instead of for a pathological condition.

On the other hand in certain conditions, surgery is one of the greatest boons to suffering humanity, saves or prolongs many useful lives and is the only means of obtaining relief, but is very dangerous if unskillfully done. El Paso has some good surgeons as good as any town, but many posing as such who could not carve a chicken properly. A surgeon is going to suggest an operation because it is his business, it is the quickest way he knows to get rid of an offending member but is often not good surgery, for while the operation may be a success the patient fails to obtain relief. After an operation is performed and failure results, it is too late to cure by any other method, so why submit to an operation before consulting us? We cure the thirty all female complaints, such as Displacements, Inflammations, Infections, without operation, pain or danger. Consult us and get our opinion first, after an operation it is too late.

FREE BOOKS

If interested and wish to learn more about us and our system of treatment and our method of doing business, WRITE for one of our Booklets: Diseases of Men, Diseases of Women, Chronic Diseases, Skin, Kidney and Rectal Diseases. They will be sent to any address in a plain sealed envelope.

WHO WE ARE

Our references are the leading business people of this city and the surrounding country, THE LEADING BANKS will tell you about our reliability and financial standing. WE HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED HERE SEVERAL YEARS, and during that time WE HAVE TREATED MANY OF THE LEADING FAMILIES of this state, as well as others. And in many instances their family physicians had failed to benefit them.

Office Hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 to 1.

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INTERNATIONAL SPECIALISTS

EL PASO,
TEXAS

SALAZAR, COOL, CALCULATING, MAYBE CRUEL, BUT A SOLDIER

(Continued from page one this section)

pen. I wouldn't have traded horses yesterday. I might have saved my 45."

If the war lasts much longer there won't be a goat left in Mexico. It is a liberal education in gastronomy to see a rebel army convert a goat herd into food. Before a kid quack bleating, his flesh is sizzling in the pan or on the coals. If there are no goats handy, a bunch of steers will do, and up into the steaks, roasts and boiling pieces in less time than it takes to tell about it.

The big haciendas don't like to have an army of 800 to 1,500 mounted men drop in upon them at meal time, as it means that their hay or fodder supply will be greatly depleted. It is no joke to see good alfalfa being fed at the rate of half a bale each to 1,000 horses and get nothing for it but a "relle." One big rancher at Comera had to feed Campa's 800 animals when he went into Parral Monday night.

April 1, and the following Thursday at noon he fed Salazar's and Fernandez's 1,400 horses as they stopped for lunch before going to Parral to call upon "Pancho" Villa. Any man who has to hustle hay for one or two horses will appreciate what this Comera rancher had to contend with.

Gen. Ynes Salazar.

Ynes Salazar, chief of staff under Gen. Orozco and at the moment commander in chief in the field of the liberal army operating in the state of Chihuahua, to use his own words, is "a son of Chihuahua." He was born about 40 years ago in the western part of the state near Casas Grandes. He has lived and worked much in the United States along the border, having lived at Las Cruces and Lordsburg, N. M., and several other points in the new state. He says that while there he learned how and why his people prospered there so much better than they

did in their own country. Finding happiness and prosperity on one side of an imaginary boundary line and so much misery and poverty on the other, with no difference in climatic conditions or conditions of soil, led him to the conclusion that the political system of Mexico needed reformation. He entered into Madero's scheme with heart and soul, but retained the right of conscience during the Madero revolution. "I wasn't looking for prominence," he said when discussing the rise of Madero on the ruins of the Diaz regime. "I wanted an opportunity to advance as a people. We believed Diaz stood in our way. We were disappointed. We thought Madero would keep his pledges and we fought to put him in the place which Diaz was forced to vacate. We were disappointed. We believe we know Madero was a mistake. We asked him to resign that a more fit man might be elected by the people to fill the presidential chair and carry out the reforms which must be carried out before the great mass of the people of Mexico can be free to work out their own destiny. He refused, therefore, this revolution."

Not an Educated Man.

Unlike Campa, Salazar is not an educated man in the sense of being a school man, but he is a soldier man. Campa is a small man, quick of action and speech—just the type of man one would expect to find in a fighting general, a cavalry leader, a raider. Salazar is a giant in stature, well set up and looks the soldier. He is slow of speech unless aroused, and is not easily aroused. He is a radical socialist and knows why—and is not afraid to tell anyone who will listen, why he hopes for a change in the political system of Mexico. It is only in discussing socialism that Salazar becomes eloquent—fluent of speech. Ordinarily he is a man of few words.

It is said he is coldly cruel and his permission for the execution of the American gunner, Tom Fountain, captured in Parral, the flight of Villa would wear out that idea. He is charged with having shot down Capt. Joaquin Palacios, of the 10th federal, while he pleaded to be spared to his wife and eight ninos, but it is said on the other hand that Palacios had permitted his men to murder and mutilate a number of non-combatant men and women on the retreat from Doña Ana ranch.

Cool in Battle.

In battle Salazar is cool and fearless. He plans his campaigns carefully and his officers and men are punctilious in the matter of carrying out his plans. His investment of Parral and quick capture of the city proved Salazar a general of a high order. Villa, with 500 men and with possession of the commanding positions as he had, should have held Parral against Salazar as long as food and water lasted, but Salazar had him in flight within two hours after the battle opened.

It has been charged that Salazar is ambitious and that Orozco fears him. Both deny the word. In fact, it must be confessed by one who has been close to both, that there has as yet been no outward evidence that there is any friction. Salazar says he is fighting for a principle; that if Madero were to resign today and a new election was ordered, he (Salazar)

would go back to his ranch and await results.

"If the new president proved to be unworthy, I would be as prompt to endeavor to unseat him as I have been to unseat Madero," he said. "It is charged that we won't give our presidents a show. That is not true. We know all kinds of failures, Electric Belt grinders and medical mail order quacks have waxed fat despoiling those thus afflicted."

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Gen. Emilio Campa.

Emilio Pablo Campa, the cavalry leader of the rebel army, who, at the moment, is under a cloud because of his defeat at and disgraceful retreat from Parral on Tuesday, April 1, is so far as "book learning" goes, probably the best educated of the men who have attained prominence upon the rebel side during the present revolution in Mexico. He was born about 25 years ago, the son of a wealthy hacendado in the Galeana district, near Casas Grandes. He was educated in the United States, in the University of Missouri, from the medical department of which he graduated when he was 25 years old.

Following his graduation he became interne of first one and then another of the big hospitals of St. Louis and then went to Chicago to practice in surgery. Later he returned to his native land and by his father was given charge of one of the latter's great estates, practicing medicine there meanwhile among his own followers and among the dwellers in the little pueblo of the district. When the revolution broke out he became a socialist and put his theories into practice in his dealings with the people who were dependent upon him as manager of a great hacienda. Persons who had been working for a nominal wage were paid the wages of freemen and taught that they were men and women, free and untrammelled—their own masters. The plan didn't work out and Campa, padre, disposed the young man and restored the old order of things on the big farm.

Fought With Madero.

When the Madero revolution broke out in 1910 young Campa thought he saw in it the dawn of the millennium and joined it as a volunteer. His education and native ability soon won for him a commission. When the fall of Juarez, on May 10, 1911, brought success to the Madero cause, Dr. Campa returned to his patients. Madero did not carry out his promised reforms rapidly enough to Campa's liking and the plan didn't work out and Campa, padre, disposed the young man and restored the old order of things on the big farm.

Campa a Dashing Fighter.

Campa is a dashing leader, but seems to be lacking in ability to plan campaigns. He was the first to enter Juarez in February, 1911. His command was the first to be sent to occupy Chihuahua when Orozco's defection from Madero threw the city into possession of the revolutionists. Campa was sent south to open up the line to Santa Rosalia, Juarez, and thence to the battles of Corralitos, Rialondo, Dolores Ranch and Atonilco, all of which were disastrous defeats for the federals. His star was dimmed, however, at Parral. Because of his unbroken series of successes, he was chosen to lead an army against Parral in an effort to dislodge Col. "Pancho" Villa, who held that all but impregnable point. He permitted himself to be outgeneraled and only saved himself and his army from possible and probable annihilation by a retreat which in reality was a panic stricken rout and

which resulted in his retirement and loss of prestige.

Is a Socialist.

As said above, he is an intellectual or scientific socialist and never tires of discussing the advancement of Mexico and Mexicans when his theories will be put into practice. He believes in Mexico's political system, which is putting none but Mexicans on guard. He is an anti-American, or anti-foreigner, but not a hater of Americans or foreigners. He believes that Mexicans can do what the foreigners are doing in the way of developing Mexico's resources if they are given an opportunity to learn. To give them that opportunity he is in the field.

Though deposed from command of an army, it is believed that Gen. Orozco and others at the head of affairs will give that Gen. Campa is placed in position where his peculiar talents will be made to better serve the cause for which they are contending.

David De la Fuente.

Ing. David De la Fuente, head of Gen. Orozco's board of strategy and general in chief of the artillery division of the liberal army, department of the north, is at present in Chihuahua, dating his first recovery from a wound received at the battle of Atonilco from a bullet which struck him in the left arm, inflicting a severe flesh wound and shattering the bone, causing a compound fracture, which forced him from the field to Chihuahua for expert medical treatment.

De la Fuente is probably the only trained soldier with the liberal army of the north. He is a graduate of Chapultepec, the national military academy (the West Point) of Mexico, and prior to the Madero revolution was a captain of artillery under president Diaz. He joined the Maderistas and upon the election of Madero as president was made chief of police of the City of Mexico. Like many others of his countrymen, De la Fuente became convinced that Madero was playing a double game and upon the breaking out of the present revolution allied himself with the cause of Vasquez.

Gomez and came to El Paso and to Juarez after the capture of the latter by Campa and Salazar as a member of the Gomez junta sent from San Antonio to implore the generals named above to swear allegiance to Gomez as the successor of Madero as president of Mexico.

Campa and Salazar listened to de la Fuente and to his counterpart, Rafael Gomez Robelo, an ascetic from the city of Mexico who accompanied de la Fuente on his mission from the house of Gomez, but would pay no heed. They convinced de la Fuente and Robelo that the cause was greater than any one man and induced them to enlist for the cause at Juarez and south. De la Fuente participated in the battles of Santa Rosalia, Rialondo, Dolores Ranch, Atonilco, and during the engagement at the last named place was wounded so severely that he has been hors de combat since.

Like his counterpart, de la Fuente is a socialist, notwithstanding his military academy training, and is fighting Madero because he believes him to be an enemy of the people. He hopes to be so far recovered by the time the advance on the federals at Torreon is ordered that he can resume his place at the head of the artillery corps.

PILES CURED AT HOME BY NEW ABSORPTION METHOD.

If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding Piles, send us your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the new absorption treatment, and will also send some of the best treatment free by mail, with references from your own locality if requested. Immediate relief and permanent cure assured. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Write today to Mrs. M. Summers, Box P, Notre Dame, Ind.

Flood Waters Damage Many Cities Of the South; View In Memphis



The upper photograph shows the condition of a street running parallel with the river, but two blocks from the water front. The lower photograph was taken in the manufacturing district and shows the flooded gas tanks in the background. The damage wrought by the waters in this section was so bad that the illuminating gas supply was cut off.

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